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POLITERGEIST IN BRAZIL AND ARGENTINA Prof. Lic. NOVILLO PAULI, ENRIQUE CORDOBA, ARGENTINA

ing evidence.

with norms, legs of goods, wait, dark they sell can be frequently seen in homes. thing a correct interpretation. There were no visual or audible hallucinations tey finally say: "the consequences are usually terrible" (7). Thus the authors thing a correct interpretation. There were no visual or audible hallucinations tey finally say: "the consequences are usually terrible" (7). Thus the authors thing a transport height of the data with their credit or the say: "the consequences are usually terrible or the say in the seeing or hearing strange beings.

hands in order to get samples of the blood and analyse it. The source was a take the phenomena. year-old girl who worked in the house as a maid. She was sent to a school for they even accept the actual existence of a being created by popular folklore

The third case developed in 1978 at a small village of Covunco Abajo (Neuquan a religious environment. (ce) in a very poor home where L.B.a boy aged 12, lived with his grandparents. He wer met his father and his mother had left him there when he was very little. roumstances were as usual: pieces of furniture moving by themselves, mattresses INSTITUTE FOR PARAPSYCHOLOGY - CATH.UNIV.OF Control of the control These events aroused fears in the family and neighbours. The Priest of the re-Santiago Sarriegui, and the Psychologist Alberto Arias, calmed them down and the ena disappeared. There were no hallucinations of any kind like seeing demons rits or dead people.

The cases presented by some investigators in Tokyo show almost identical phe Abstract : Various streams of interpretation of the poltergeist are analysed but they are given a different interpretation. This interpretation reveals the how the pressure exerted by the environment can lead to vicious conclusions lian atmosphere, fear of magic, witchcraft, occult powers. Offerings to the devil observed in public places on Friday night; there are thousands of Umbanda cen In the First Part I will present three cases of poltergeist in Argentina and meetings (Brazilian spiritism, a mixture of primitive african religions, chis which I was asked to intervene. In the Second Part I will analyse the cases Fin-spiritism-superstitions). There are stalls displaying coloured candles, ribbns ted in the Third International Congress on Psychotronic Research, held in Toky ces, soils, waters and so forth, at every body's hand. These objects are supposed 1º The three cases in Argentina developed in environments socially and ecod, their power can be used at will in rituals which are believed to be and active to different. a- The first case took place in a middle-class family.P.B.... cally different. a- The first case took place in a middle-class family, P.B., as black and white magic. One can also see and buy images of african gods, the ved in the city of Cordoba, in 1973. The father was a qualified worker in a car with horns, legs of goats, tail, dark fur. These shope stand everywhere, visited by ound without being touched by human hands, appearance and disappearance of months atmosphere exerts a permanent psychological pressure on the population at ys, clothes and so on; levitation of objects, spontaneus fire. These abnormalitiencial levels. Therefore one should not be surprised if the interpretation given ted for over a year and was studied by a team of Psychiatrists, Physicians and ses of poltergeist is as the one presented in Tokyo: "Some evidences of evil ac chologists from the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (black chologists from the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (black chologists from the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (black chologists from the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (black chologists from the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (black chologists from the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (black chologists from the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (black chologists from the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (black chologists from the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (black chologists from the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (8) and the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (8) and the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (8) and the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic University of a distance induced by means of magical procedures (7), "by manumbeiros (8) and the Institute for Parapsychology of the Catholic who was adopted and the family put an end to the phenomena. They experienced of procedures) in Brazil"(7). The authors explain that there are various reasons of great stress but they knew how to keep calm, and being catholic, they gave exople resort to these procedures: threats, love and elimination of enemies etc. welves spoil the presentation and interpretation of the data with their creduli in acceptance of the cause originating the phenomena; the threat by an enemy and b- The second case took place in Santa Fe city, in 1975 and it lasted for over tendance to the Macumba in order to use its magical procedures. They do not stop month. The family A.M. had a lower income; the father was a traveling salesman quietly objectively and quietly other possible causes of the poltergeist: RSFK, od products. The phenomena consisted in the spontaneous appearance of blood on suggestions and the contradictions exposed in the papers. They accept as abso gious images. First, this occurred with an image of Our Lady, about 15 cms. tall, with a disturbances ceased after a Candomblé group (Afro-Brazilian religion) perflowed between her hands joined over her chest, as if praying. The other images decreasing rituals in the home. Some mediums and sorcerers confirmed that the two crucifixes made of plastic, about 10 cms.tall. Hood appeared where the naimena were being provoked by terreiro procedures..."(7). They do not study if re and ran down the arms and feet. On one ocassion the phenomena took place wile essation was due to a real and objective action of exercism or if, considering the Biochemists Dr.E.Molina and Dr.C.Zapata were holding the crucifixes in thinvironment the people live in, it was a psychological conditioning that put an

ter control, and there the phenomena repeated with other images. It was possible which they attribute characteristics which are contradictory. They speak of prove that the blood type taken from the images and the girl's was the same "corporeal agent that obeys the sorcerer" (7). But on the other hand, they claim phenomena might have been caused by a state of great stress experienced by the incorporeal agent has been described by several witnesses as: "semi-human M. Amill' because of the illness and operation of the volument child and by a factor. this incorpored agent has seen as seen as seen as seen as seen as seen as an incorpored agent M.famili because of the illness and operation of the youngest child, and by a is having dark fur, claws and horns, fetid smell (7). How can an incorporeal agent lar case in other town. The girl had pseudoperceptions of seeing and hearing \(\bar{V}_{\text{n}} \) no body!) have corporeal characteristics at the same time? We might be dealing an evident eidetic projection, hallucination, of the images of "exus" (devil) they

sive fear in which people lives with all the psychological consequences broughed of merely considering one aspect and interpretation of the problem bout by the belief of invisible beings who try to do harm, to destroy them for In another paper presented by them it is easy to detect the atmosphere of in mind the various approches given by other authors or streams of analyses, dusion. In order to study and elucidate poltergeist cases, it is necessary to

all these serious matters, they should prove them through evidences. But this in franction is the politergeist?" by A.R.G.Owen. A Helix Press Book, Garret Pudone; everything is taken for granted. They feel submitted by powers to such an kes made during their past lives about which they know nothing. Before acceptionaly Lications, N.Y. 1964

disposing toward all kinds of suggestions, illusions, hallucinations, fears, In theld, New Jersey, 1974 ent that those who suffer them can not overcome them. These are conditionings them. The Foltergeist" by William Roll. A Signet Book. New American Library, Bergen-

per it is said that:"some members of the group displayed a behaviour that sugitating the seaford Disturbances" by G. Pratt & W. Roll. Journal of Parapsychology, Vol. the presence of foreing personalities. These personalities were induced by black. 2,1958

gic procedures to influence and/or create trouble to the patients, hate them at them at the patients, hate them at the satter" by Louisa Rhine. McMillan, N.Y., 1970 de references to a relationship with them in past lives"(7). That is to say, it which over Matter" by Louisa Rhine. McMillan, N.Y., 1970 de references to a relationship with them in past lives"(7). That is to say, it where the satter is to say, it was a satter where the satter is to say, it was a satter in the satter where the satter is to say, it was a satter in the satter is to say, it was a satter in the satter in the satter in the satter is to say, it was a satter in the satter in the satter in the satter is to say, it was a satter in the satter in the satter in the satter is to say, it was a satter in the satter in the satter in the satter in the satter is to say, it was a satter in the satter in the satter in the satter in the satter is to say, it was a satter in the satte typical spiritist meeting where one talks with dead people and tray to persua <u>55</u>

as incorporeal beings suffering headaches, stomach-aches, having sexual desires, incorporeal beings suffering headaches, stomach-aches, having sexual desires, Buenos Aires, 1975 to give up their destructive action. There are a series of contradictory supportors Panómenos Parapsicológicos. Psi en el Laboratorio" by Enrique Novillo Paulí,

so on. It is necessary that everything be proved to be true, and not merely take 16, 481, 657. Tokyo, 1977 Proceedings of the "Third International Congress on Psychotronic Research" pags.

sions of animal-shaped beings".(7) of evil action at a distance, induced by means of terreiro rituals (black magic to the conclusion: "as the majority of RSFK, this poltergeist suggests the infl other times they only see parts"like a hand of a monkey"etc. (7) The authors re cal of Brazil. Here they see an "animal similar to a gorilla" during the disturb this atmosphere of fear, exorcisms and credulity of a very special community, to In another case there are a number of hallucinations provoked or favoured

bout spirits, demons or ghosts but about human personality"(2). community. W.Roll says in his book;"If poltergeist phenomena say anything, is tural background and the way they are focused agrees with the cultural level ly different: the source is the human being himself. They develop within anoth nomena which are very similar to those in Brazil, but their interpretation is ghosts etc. The cases presented by the authors above mentioned, tell and analyze the case, the more its interpretation attributes the phenomena to demons, spiri bibliography on the subject, A.R. Owen(1), W.Roll(2), G. Pratt(3), L. Rhine(4), H. Thun Discussion. Having analyzed the cases presented and compared them with the abu (5), E. Novillo Pauli(6), we come to the conclusion that the more primitive or ob-

one case in which the spiritist hypothesis has been proved"(1). When referring to voices, communications etc. A. R. Owen asserts; "There is no

rits succeed one another when the medium communicates, would prove that we are dramatized ideas convey concepts of the environment in which he(she)lives. ling with splits of his(her)personality and his(her)unconscious creations. His(For these authors as well as for psychiatrists, the fact that the supposed

ce of the poltergeist phenomena, the interpretation given by those who interve acute, thus creating a vicious circle. their hallucinations and supposed messages from spirits, make the problem even (ronment or with himself, feelings of real or imaginary guilt, which would be the In addition to the stress provoked by the conflicting situation with the a